

# Indigenous Languages of Mexico



## Mexican States and Indigenous Languages

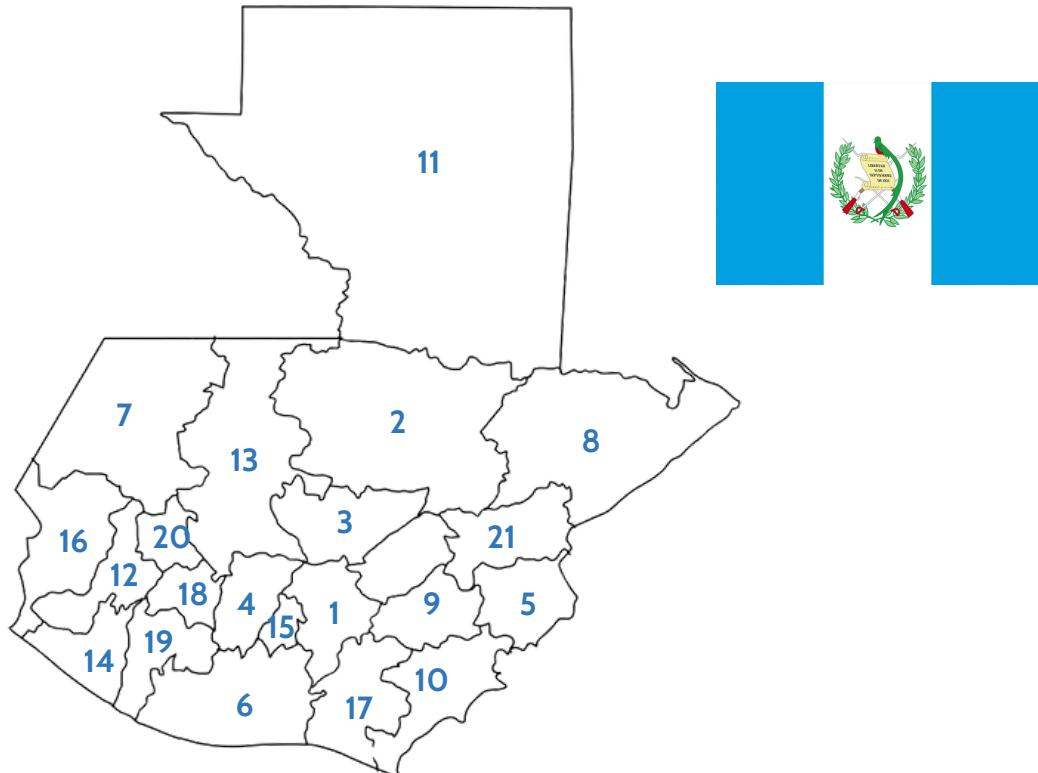
<b>1. Baja California</b> Cucapá, Kiliwa, Ku'ahl, Kumiai, Paipai	<b>8. Durango</b> Cora, Huichol, Náhuatl, Tepehuano del Sur,	<b>16. Nayarit</b> Cora, Huichol, Náhuatl, Tepehuano del Sur	<b>22. Sinaloa</b> Mayo, Tepehuano del Sur,
<b>2. Campeche</b> Akateko, Awakateko, Ch'ol, Chuj, Jakalteko, Kaqchikel, K'iche', Ixil, Mam, Maya, Q'anjob'al, Q'eqchi'	<b>9. Estado de México</b> Matlatzinca, Mazahua, Náhuatl, Otomí, Tlahuica	<b>17. Oaxaca</b> Amuzgo, Cuicateco, Chatino, Chinanteco, Chocholteco, Chontal de Oaxaca, Huave, Ixateco, Mazateco, Mixe, Mixteco, Triqui, Zapoteco, Zoque, Náhuatl	<b>23. Sonora:</b> Cucapá, Guarajío, Mayo, Pápago, Pima, Yaqui, Seri
<b>3. Coahuila</b> Kickapoo	<b>10. Guanajuato</b> Chichimeco Jonaz, Otomí, Náhuatl, Mixe	<b>18. Puebla</b> Mazateco, Mixteco, Náhuatl, Otomí, Popoloca, Totonaco, Tepehua	<b>24. Tabasco</b> Ayapaneco, Chontal de Tabasco, Ch'ol, Tseltal, Náhuatl
<b>4. Colima</b> Náhuatl	<b>11. Guerrero</b> Amuzgo, Mixteco, Tlapaneco,	<b>19. Querétaro</b> Mazahua, Otomí, Náhuatl, Zapoteco	<b>25. Tlaxcala</b> Náhuatl, Totonaco,
<b>5. Chiapas</b> Akateko, Chuj, Ch'ol, Jakalteko, K'iche', Lacandón, Mam, Q'atzin, Q'anjob'al, Tojolabal, Tseltal, Tsotsil, Teko, Zoque	<b>12. Hidalgo</b> Náhuatl, Otomí, Tepehua	<b>20. Quintana Roo</b> Akateko, Chuj, Jakalteko, Kaqchikel, Ixil, Mam, Maya, Q'anjob'al, Q'eqchi'	<b>26. Veracruz</b> Chinanteco, Huasteco, Náhuatl, Mazateco, Oluteco, Otomí, Popoluca de la Sierra, Sayulteco, Tepehua, Texistepequeño, Totonaco
<b>6. Chihuahua</b> Guarajío, Pima, Seri Tarahumara, Tepehuano del Norte	<b>13. Jalisco</b> Huichol	<b>21. San Luis Potosí</b> Huasteco, Náhuatl, Pame	<b>27. Yucatán</b> Maya
<b>7. Ciudad de México</b> Náhuatl	<b>14. Michoacán</b> Mazahua, Náhuatl, Otomí, Tarasco (Purépecha),	<b>28. Zacatecas</b> Tepehuano del Sur	

- There are 68 Mexican Indigenous languages and approximately 364 language varieties.
- The language variety is determined by the individual's state and town of origin or region.
- The most spoken Indigenous languages are: Nahuatl, Mayan (Maya Yucateco), Mixteco, Zapoteco, Tseltal, Tsotsil & Otomí.

### Sources:

- Instituto Nacional de Lenguas Indígenas: <https://www.inali.gob.mx/clin-inali/>
- Sistema de Información Cultural - SIC México: [https://sic.cultura.gob.mx/lista.php?table=inali\\_li&disciplina=&estado\\_id=0](https://sic.cultura.gob.mx/lista.php?table=inali_li&disciplina=&estado_id=0)

# Indigenous Languages of Guatemala



## Guatemalan Departments and Indigenous Languages

<b>1. Guatemala</b> Kaqchikel, Poqomam	<b>7. Huehuetenango</b> Akateko, Awakateko, Chuj, K'iche', Mam, Popti', Q'anjob'al	<b>13. Quiché</b> K'iche', Ixil, Uspanteko, Poqomchi', Q'eqchi', Sakapulteko	<b>18. Sololá</b> Kaqchikel, K'iche', Tz'utujil,
<b>2. Alta Verapaz</b> Achí, Q'eqchi', Poqomchi'	<b>8. Izabal</b> Garífunas, Q'eqchi'	<b>14. Retalhuleu</b> K'iche', Kaqchikel	<b>19. Suchitepéquez</b> Kaqchikel, K'iche', Tz'utujil
<b>3. Baja Verapaz</b> Achí, Kaqchikel, Poqomchi', Q'eqchi'	<b>9. Jalapa</b> Poqomam	<b>15. Sacatepéquez</b> Kaqchikel, K'iche'	<b>20. Totonicapán</b> K'iche'
<b>4. Chimaltenango</b> K'iche'	<b>10. Jutiapa</b> Poqomam	<b>16. San Marcos</b> K'iche', Mam, Sipakapense, Tektiteko	<b>21. Zacapa</b> Ch'orti'
<b>5. Chiquimula</b> Ch'orti'	<b>11. Petén</b> Itzá, Mopan, Q'eqchi'	<b>17. Santa Rosa</b> Xinka	
<b>6. Escuintla</b> Kaqchikel, Poqomam	<b>12. Quetzaltenango</b> K'iche', Mam		

- There are 24 Indigenous languages in Guatemala, 22 of which are Mayan.
- To identify the language variety, it is important to know the department and/or town or village of origin of the individual.
- The most spoken Indigenous languages in Guatemala are 1. K'iche', 2. Q'eqchi', 3. Mam, 4. Kaqchikel y 5. Q'anjob'al.

Source:

- *Atlas Lingüístico de Guatemala*: <https://www.url.edu.gt/publicacionesurl/FileCS.ashx?Id=40413>